**Metadata**

**File identifier** MultiModelMean\_NARCliM Domain\_All Epochs\_All Variables\_Annual and Seasonal.zip

**Metadata language** English

**Date stamp** 2014-12-08

**Metadata standard name** ANZLIC Metadata Profile: NARCliM Climate Variables - Multimodel Mean

**Metadata standard version** 1.0

**Filename Convention**

The NARCliM data (ascii files) is filed using the following directory structure:

{Version} \_ {Domain} \_ {Model} \_ {Measure} \_ {Actual/Change} \_ {Epoch} \_ {Variable} \_ {Unit} \_ {Annual/Season}

i.e.

6c3cb0199634\_d02\_multimodel\_mean\_chg\_2020\_2039\_tasmaxmean\_K\_JJA

where

* {Version} is a 12 character header used for version control
* {Domain} is one of {d01,d02}; d01 indicates the 50km resolution CORDEX domain, d02 indicates the 10km resolution NARCliM domain
* {Model} is the combination of GCM (reanalysis, MIROC3.2, ECHAM5, CCCMA3.1, CSIRO3.0) and RCM (R1, R2, R3). Multimodel represents all model combinations
* {Measure} is the representation of the method of combining data from multiple models (i.e. mean, median, mode)
* {Actual/Change} represents whether it is the epoch’s climatological average (actual; cli) or the difference between the 1990-2009 epoch and 2020-2039 or 2060-2079 epochs (change; chg)
* {Epoch} is one the three temporal period; 1990-2009, 2020-2039 and 2060-2079
* {Variable} is the name of the climate variable tasmean = mean temperature
  + tasmaxmean = mean daily maximum temperature
  + tasminmean = mean daily minimum temperature
  + tasmaxbcgt35 = mean number of days per year/season with bias-corrected maximum temperature greater than 35°C
  + tasminbclt2 = mean number of days per year/season with bias-corrected minimum temperature less than 2°C
  + praccfl = mean precipitation accumulation over the year/season
  + ffdi = mean FFDI
  + ffdigt50 = mean number of days per year/season with FFDI greater than 50
* {Unit} is the unit of measure for the variable
* {Annual/Season} can be ann, DJF, MAM, JJA, SON
  + ann = Annual
  + DJF = December, January and February (Southern Hemisphere summer)
  + MAM = March, April and May (Southern Hemisphere autumn)
  + JJA = June, July and August (Southern Hemisphere winter)
  + SON = September, October and November (Southern Hemisphere spring)

Note: All files contained in this folder are: 6c3cb0199634\_d02\_multimodel\_mean\_chg

**Disclaimer:**

OEH has prepared this data in good faith, exercising all due care and attention, but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made to the relevance, accuracy, completeness or fitness for purpose of this information in respect of any particular users circumstances. With respect to the content of this data, it should be noted that some projections currently involves a considerable degree of uncertainty.